

MILOSEVIC – AGAINST NATO CRIMES, FOR A NEW WORLD

International conference dedicated to the 80th anniversary of the birth and 15th anniversary of the death of Slobodan Milosevic and the 20th anniversary of the work of the Slobodan Milosevic International Committee

Belgrade, October 1-2, 2021

Many of the problems of the contemporary world are focused on the destruction of Yugoslavia by the West and in the stubborn but unsuccessful attempts of the West to blame the Serbian people and Slobodan Milosevic for this.

The destruction of a sovereign country in cooperation with fascists, terrorists and the drug mafia, the war in Europe, NATO aggression and the creation of an illegal ad hoc tribunal under the auspices of the UN and under NATO control, which has been convicting all state and military leadership of the Serbian people for almost 30 years and which killed Milosevic, were insufficient for the West to achieve their goals.

Milosevic resolutely and heroically defended Yugoslavia and the Serbian people, revived Historical Serbia and, using enormous democratic political authority and the love of its citizens, headed a modern European state based on spiritual and moral values, in which national sovereignty and social justice were implemented. For five years, Milosevic brilliantly and vigorously led a court case to defend the historical truth before the criminal Hague Tribunal, taught a moral, political and legal lesson to the fallen West and died as a martyr, unconvicted.

But, as we can see, both free and progressive Serbia and his life's work are alive. Russia, with which Milosevic wanted to enter into a state union, and China, with which he began the closest cooperation, today are the only true spiritual, moral, and military-political and economic superpowers that lead us into the new world.

In search of answers to very important questions related to Milosevic, Serbia and the new world, this conference will make its contribution. The speeches of the participants will be published in video form, and written papers in a conference proceedings book.